

# Mid-term Exam (CBT)

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## ENG 146 (Medical)

- The mid-term exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- All the questions are multiple-choice questions (MCQs) with four options.
- The breakdown of the questions is as follows:

### Mid-Term Exam (30%)

Item	Marks
Grammar & Vocabulary	20 (10+10)
Reading (2 passages)	20 (10+10)
Listening (1 dialogue + 1 monologue )	20 (10+10)

**Sources:** HAS (level 1) Reading & Writing  
HAS (level 1) Listening & Speaking  
Career Paths Medical (CPM)

### **Mid-term Exam Syllabus:**

- The mid-term exam will be based on **Units 1-7 (HAS books) and Units 1-10 (CPM book)**
- The exam will have four parts; Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.
- In addition to **Units 1-7 (HAS books) and Units 1-10 (CPM book)**, you also need to cover the grammar and vocabulary list mentioned in this document.

## Grammar:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from **Units 1-7 (HAS books) only.**
- **In addition** to the grammar points in **Units 1-7 (HAS books)**, the following points also need to be covered for the mid-term exam:

Grammar Items
<b>Verb <i>be</i>:</b> I am a student. He is a doctor. What is/What's your name?
<b>Auxiliary verbs:</b> - <i>do</i> and <i>does</i> Where do you like to study? How often do you make a study plan? Does he like English?
<b>Verb patterns:</b> - <i>like</i> and <i>would like</i> Do you like cars? I would also like to play? I like English.
<b>Modal verbs:</b> - <i>can</i> and <i>could</i> in the affirmative and yes/no question forms Can you spell that, please? Could I have.....?
<b><i>There is, there are:</i></b> There is a viewing platform. There are four minarets.
<b>Indefinite articles:</b> - <i>a/an + n.</i> a drill, a speedometer, a machine, an object, an assignment.
<b>Expressions of quantity:</b> - Countable/ uncountable nouns (C/U), - <i>much</i> , - <i>How many....?</i> We haven't got much time - let's go!
<b>Question Forms:</b> - <i>Wh-</i> questions, - Yes/No questions Where do you.....? What does she teach? How old are you? Are you a student? Is he a student?
<b>Parts of speech:</b> - recognizing parts of speech, <i>n.</i> , <i>v.</i> , <i>adj.</i> , <i>adv.</i> suburb, lunch (n.) save, check (v.) quick, windy (adj.) always, quickly (adv.)

<p><b>Adverbs of frequency:</b> - <i>always, usually, sometimes, never</i>  I always read slowly.  I usually drink tea at home.</p>
<p><b>Comparative/superlative adjectives:</b>  more expensive, smaller, biggest</p>
<p><b>Prefixes:</b> - Prefixes that are used to make an opposite, <i>in-, un-, ir-, im-</i>, - Other prefixes;  <i>sub-, anti-, multi-</i>  inaccurate, unhappy, irregular, impossible, subway, anticlockwise, multimedia</p>
<p><b>Prepositions of time, place and time expressions:</b> at, on, in  at home, in a library, in the morning, in the afternoon</p>
<p><b>Past Simple:</b>  I lived in London.  I saw him there.</p>
<p><b>Present Simple:</b>  My name is...  They come from Delhi.  I get up at 7.00 and I have breakfast.</p>
<p><b>Future tense:</b> - <i>will</i> and <i>going to</i>  Houses will be very different.  We are going to have...</p>
<p><b>Passive voice:</b>  The building is made of glass.  It was opened in 1755 and is more than 250 years old.</p>
<p><b>Contrast:</b> - <i>however, but</i>  George studies hard at university. However, he never does well in exams.  I understand Farsi, but I don't speak it very well.</p>
<p><b>Cause:</b> - <i>because</i>  Open-plan offices are cheaper because they use less electricity.</p>
<p><b>Result:</b> - <i>so</i>  The building is made of glass, so it gets very hot in summer.</p>
<p><b>Sequencing words:</b> - <i>first, then, finally</i>  First, she has a cup of tea. Then she goes to her first class.</p>
<p><b>Giving examples:</b> - <i>for example</i> and <i>such as</i>  Mobile phone companies, such as Nokia and Sony Ericsson, are very successful.</p>
<p><b>Relative clauses:</b> - <i>which</i>  A GPS is a device which uses satellite to locate the user's position.</p>

## Grammar Sample Questions

1. Sarah doesn't like coffee; she usually \_\_\_\_\_ tea.

- A drinks
- B drink
- C drinking
- D to drink

2. Where does he \_\_\_\_\_?

- A to live
- B lives
- C living
- D live

3. "Are they students?"  
"Yes, \_\_\_\_\_."

- A they are
- B are they
- C he is
- D we are

4. "Whose watch is this?"  
"It's \_\_\_\_\_."

- A your
- B mine
- C me
- D you

5. There \_\_\_\_\_ a bookshop in our neighborhood.

- A is
- B are
- C were
- D are no

6. You shouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ too much junk food; it's bad for your health.
- A eating
  - B eats
  - C to eat
  - D eat
7. He \_\_\_\_\_ travel to Dubai in the vacation.
- A is going
  - B are going to
  - C is going to
  - D are going
8. \_\_\_\_\_ bag is brown.
- A Sarah is
  - B Sarah
  - C Sarah's
  - D Sarah has
9. Please \_\_\_\_\_! I'm trying to sleep.
- A don't shout
  - B doesn't shout
  - C not shout
  - D can't shout
10. My friend bought \_\_\_\_\_ lunch today.
- A he
  - B I
  - C we
  - D me

## Vocabulary:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The vocabulary questions will be based on **Units 1-10 (CPM book) only.**
- **In addition** to the vocabulary in **Units 1-10 (CPM book)**, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the mid-term exam.

Vocab List (CPM)		
	ear	orthopedics
	elbow	oxygen
abdomen	emergency	pathology
abdominal pains	emphysema	patient
alveoli	esophagus	pediatrician
anesthesiologist	exhale	pediatrics
ankle	eye	pharmacist
aorta	eyebrow	pharmacy
appendicitis	face	physician
appendix	first aid	pregnancy
apply	foot	prescription
appointment	forehead	pressure
arm	gauze	pressure mattress
artery	general practitioner	pulmonary artery
assess	groin	pulse
asthma	hand	radiologist
atrium	head	radiology
back	heart	rescue breathing
bandage	heartbeat	respiratory system
bedpan	hip	rib cage
biohazard waste container	inflamed	sample
breathing	inhale	shock
burn	injury	shoulder
cardiologist	jaw	shoulder blade
cardiology	knee	small intestine
cheek	lab technician	sprain
chest	laceration	staff
circulatory system	large intestine	stomach
colon	latex gloves	surgeon
colonoscopy	leg	surgery
consult	lip	symptom
cough	medical emergency	syringe
CPR	mouth	torso
department	neck	transplant
dermatology	nose	treatment
diagnosis	nurse	ulcer
digestive system	obstetrician	vena cava
dislocation	obstetrics	victim
dispose	organ	waist

wheelchair	bronchial tube	lung
wheezing	capillary	medicine
wound	condition	nutrient
wrap	coughing	oxygen tank
wrist	cut	sharps container
X-ray	finger	technique
airway	gown	teeth
bleeding	hospital	toe
blood	hurt	valve
body	illness	vein

### Vocabulary Sample Questions

1. I don't think I'm \_\_\_\_\_ enough to climb that mountain.

- A flat
- B tall
- C kind
- D fit

2. I want \_\_\_\_\_ flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.

- A an international
- B a national
- C a local
- D an internal

3. She's a very \_\_\_\_\_ person. Everyone likes her.

- A angry
- B annoying
- C lonely
- D pleasant

4. My watch is broken. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ it for me?

- A repair
- B repeat
- C relate
- D borrow

5. **Someone who is in charge of a business or department**
- A a customer
  - B a client
  - C a secretary
  - D a manager
6. **Special clothes that are worn by members of a group or team**
- A uniform
  - B suit
  - C trousers
  - D shoes
7. **The library was \_\_\_\_\_ today. There was nowhere to sit.**
- A clean
  - B empty
  - C crowded
  - D quiet
8. **Look at the sky. It's so \_\_\_\_\_ , I think it's going to rain.**
- A sunny
  - B cloudy
  - C bright
  - D blue
9. **An area of land that has water on all sides**
- A a continent
  - B a lake
  - C an island
  - D a country
10. **Fatima's father worked as a doctor for 40 years. He \_\_\_\_\_ six months ago, so he's not working any more.**
- A released
  - B removed
  - C retired
  - D relied



## Reading:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** ( 2 reading passages with **10 MCQs** each)
- The mid-term exam will be based on the reading skills covered in **Units 1-7 (HAS books) only.**

### Sample Reading Passage with Questions

1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function**.
2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that **it** protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.
4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. **What happened in the 1930s?**
  - A. Banana smoothies were first made.
  - B. Banana smoothies became very popular.
  - C. Banana smoothies were made all over the world.
  - D. Banana smoothies were found to have nutrients.
  
2. **How many calories does a banana have?**
  - A. 100 calories in a large banana
  - B. 100 calories in a small banana
  - C. 100 calories in a medium banana
  - D. 100 calories in any banana
  
3. **Which of the following is NOT true of bananas?**
  - A. They are good for your heart.
  - B. They are good for your digestive system.
  - C. They can help you lose weight.
  - D. They can cause stomach ulcers.
  
4. **Banana smoothies should NOT be mixed with \_\_\_\_\_.**
  - A. apples
  - B. sugar
  - C. Mangoes
  - D. yogurt
  
5. **In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?**
  - A. work properly
  - B. play
  - C. be popular
  - D. appear
  
6. **In paragraph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?**
  - A. low-calorie
  - B. sweet
  - C. helpful
  - D. full

7. What does the underlined word 'it' in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. doctor
- B. banana
- C. stroke
- D. blood pressure

8. Which of these titles is best for this passage?

- A. Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
- B. How To Prepare Apple Smoothies
- C. Have a Banana Smoothie
- D. 101 Banana Recipes

## Listening:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** ( 2 listening scripts with **10 MCQs** each)
- The mid-term exam will be based on the listening skills covered in **Units 1-7 (HAS books) only.**

### Sample Listening Script with Questions

	[sound of phone ringing]
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Hello, I'd like to book a room.
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Certainly, sir... What dates did you have in mind?
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10 <sup>th</sup> and I will be staying for two... no wait... three... yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha...
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	So you'd like to book a room from January 10 <sup>th</sup> through January 13 <sup>th</sup> ...
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	No, not the 13 <sup>th</sup> , the 12 <sup>th</sup> ... I said I'd be there for three nights... not four...
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13 <sup>th</sup> , correct?
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Ah, yes, of course... you're right. The check-out date will be January 13 <sup>th</sup> .
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available... mmmm, let's see... we have a double room on January 10 <sup>th</sup> and 11 <sup>th</sup> , but there's nothing on the 12 <sup>th</sup> ... no wait... I'm sorry, my mistake... we do have a junior suite available on the 12 <sup>th</sup> .
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	No that won't work... I don't want to change rooms.
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Let me see then... hmmm... you could book the junior suite for your entire stay...
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Can you tell me how much the junior suite is?
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Of course, sir... it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	And what about a double room?
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals... so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend...
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir...
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate... let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is...
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	It would be a discount of two hundred and fifty Riyals per night, sir...
<b>Mr. Ali</b>	Great! Let's book it then...

**1. The man is calling the hotel \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. to make a reservation
- B. to cancel a reservation
- C. to speak to a guest
- D. to make a complaint

**2. The hotel is located in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. Riyadh
- B. Jeddah
- C. Taif
- D. Abha

**3. How long will the man stay in the hotel?**

- A. one night
- B. two nights
- C. three nights
- D. four nights

**4. When will the man check out of the hotel?**

- A. January 10<sup>th</sup>
- B. January 12<sup>th</sup>
- C. January 13<sup>th</sup>
- D. January 30<sup>th</sup>

**5. Why is the man travelling?**

- A. He is visiting his family.
- B. He is meeting friends.
- C. He is a tourist.
- D. He is doing business.